The following revised Draft Regulation which is under the consideration of the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore is published for general information, together with a memo of alterations.

By order,
C. MEENACSHAIYA,
Legislative Secretary.

(REVISED DRAFT.)

REGULATION NO. OF 189

A Regulation to Prevent Infant Marriages in the Territories of Mysore.

Preamble.

WHEREAS it is expedient to prevent Infant Marriages in the Territories of Mysore, His Highness the Maharaja is pleased to enact as follows:—

Short title.

1. This Regulation may be called "The Mysore Infant Marriages Prevention Regulation."

Extent and commencement.

(2) It shall extend to the whole of the Territories of Mysore, but it shall apply only to marriages among the Hindus. It shall come into operation at the expiration of six months from the date of its publication in the official Gazette.

Definition.

2. For the purposes of this Regulation, an "infant girl" means a girl who has not completed eight years of age.

Punishment for causing or abetting infant marriages.

3. Any person who causes the marriage of an infant girl, or who knowingly aids and abets within the meaning of the Indian Penal Code such a marriage, and any man who having completed eighteen years of age marries an infant girl, shall be punished with simple imprisonment for a term which may extend to six months, or with fine, or with both.

Punishment of a man more than fifty years old marrying a girl under fourteen years of age.

4. Any man who having completed fifty years of age marries a girl who has not completed fourteen years of age, shall be punished with imprisonment of either description for a term which may extend to two years, or with fine, or with both.

Punishment for abetment of offence provided against in section 4.

5. Any person who causes the marriage of a girl who has not completed fourteen years of age, with a man who has completed fifty years of age, and any person who knowingly aids and abets, within the meaning of the Indian Penal Code, such a marriage, shall be punished with simple imprisonment for a term which may extend to six months, or with fine, or with both.

Offences under the Regulation by whom triable.

6. No offence punishable under this Regulation shall be tried by any Court inferior to that of a Magistrate of the District.

Validity of marriages, notwithstanding the penalties provided by the Regulation.

7. No marriage which has actually taken place, shall be deemed to be invalid, on the ground of the penalties provided by this Regulation.

prosecution to be instituted without the previous sanction of Government.

8. No prosecution under this Regulation shall be instituted without the previous written sanction of the Government accorded after such enquiry as the Government may deem fit to make.

	Turuvekere ...	1	30	...	...					
	Huliyar ...	...	18	...	...					
Mysore ...	Mysore ...	...	...	...	7½	Rice 8 to 10 8½ to 10.	Do	Standing crops are withering in part for want of rain. Castor beans, ragi and little millet were harvested.	Prospects of season fair. Rain much needed.	Do	Cattle generally in good condition. Water and fodder ample.
	Chamrajnagar ...	...	20	...	...	Ragi 23 to 33 25 to 30.					
	Seringapatam ...	...	...	...	...	(*Eleusine corocana.*)					
	Hunsur ...	...	67	...	...	Horse-					
	Yedatore ...	...	16	...	...	gram 18 to 28 18 to 28.					
	Heggaddevankote.	1	3	...	..	(*Ciser arietinum.*)					
	Gundlupet ...	...	...	...	...						
	Nanjangud ...	...	...	...	...						
	T. Narsipur ...	...	...	...	...						
	Malvalli ...	...	20	...	...						
	Mandya ...	...	90	...	...						
	Krishnarajpete ...	1	55	...	...						
	Nagamangala ...	...	...	...	...						
Hassan ...	Hassan ...	...	36	...	...	Rice 10 10.	Do	Standing crops, sugar-cane, paddy, pigeon pea, cow gram, castor beans, chillies, horse-gram, gingelly, black gram and ragi thrive. Ragi was harvested in all parts of the District.	Rain-fall is insufficient in all Taluks and the standing crops need rain.	Do	Water and fodder sufficient. Murrain is prevalent in certain parts of the District.
	Manjarabad ...	...	...	...	40	Ragi 32 33.					
	Arkalgud ...	...	...	...	...	(*Eleusine corocana.*)					
	Belur ...	...	...	...	...	Horse-					
	Channarayapatna.	...	36	...	...	gram 22 20.					
	Arsikere ...	1	32	...	21	(*Ciser arietinum.*)					
	Holé-Narsipur ...	...	...	...	...	No marked fluctuations in					
	Alur ..	...	68	...	...	the prices of food grains.					
Shimoga ...	Shimoga ..	..	43	...	4	Rice 10 to 14 11 to 14.	Do	Standing crops are generally in good condition. Horse-gram, italian millet and little millet were sown. Arecanut gathered.	Prospects of season fair. Crops are in need of rain in Honnalli and in parts of Shimoga, Shikarpur and Sorab Taluks.	Fair.	Fair.
	Channagiri ...	...	74	...	15	Ragi 24 to 36 24 to 48.					
	Honnali ...	...	2	...	...	(*Eleusine corocana.*)					
	Shikarpur ...	...	...	...	...	Jola 21 to 30 22 to 36.					
	Sorab ...	...	21	...	11	(*Sorghum vulgare.*)					
	Sagar ...	...	62	...	19						
	Nagar ...	...	...	...	8						
	Tirthahalli ...	2	22	...	30						
	Kumsi ...	...	42	...	...						
Kadur ...	Chikmagalur ...	...	...	...	...	Rice 7⅓ to 14 7½ to 13.	Do	Standing crops, *viz.*, paddy, ragi, sugar-cane, cow gram, jola, &c., are in good condition. Coffee, arecanut, &c., are doing well in Malnad parts of the District.	Prospects of season good. Rain-fall is insufficient and the standing dry and wet crops are in need of rain in Maidan parts of the District, especially in Kadur and parts of Chikmagalur Taluks. State of food stocks is fair.	Generally good.	Cattle healthy, except in certain Taluks where murrain is prevalent. Water and fodder are generally available.
	Kadur ...	...	...	...	...	Ragi 23 to 35 23 to 35.					
	Tarikere ...	1	35	...	...	(*Eleusine corocana.*)					
	Koppa ...	1	71	...	20	Horse-					
	Mudgere ...	2	4	...	10	gram 16 to 20 16 to 20.					
	Yedahalli ..	...	...	...	...	(*Ciser arietinum.*)					
	Sringeri ...	...	...	...	...						
Chitaldroog.	Chitaldroog ...	...	37	...	...	Rice 9 to 12 9 to 12.	Do	Paddy, horse-gram and cotton were sown in some parts. Great millet, sesamum, black gram and green gram were harvested in some parts. Out-turn 2 to 4 anna crop.	Prospects of season unchanged. Rain is insufficient.	Do	Fodder and pasture available. But date leaves are used as fodder in some parts. Murrain is prevalent in certain parts of the District.
	Challakere ...	...	...	...	...	Ragi 27 to 40 28 to 40.					
	Hiriyur ...	...	10	...	...	(*Eleusine corocana.*)					
	Holalkere ...	...	15	...	...	Jola 24 to 30 24 to 30.					
	Davangere ...	...	35	...	...	(*Sorghum vulgare.*)					
	Molakalmuru ...	1	90	...	...						
	Jagalur ...	...	20	...	...						
	Hosdurga ...	...	...	...	...						
	Harihar ...	...	8	...	...						

BANGALORE,
26th September 1894.

L. ANANTASWAMI RAO,
Under-Secretary.